Victorian Forts Portsmouth 8

Fort Southwick

 Commenced
 1861

 Completed
 1870

 Cost
 £
 94262

 Map Reference
 SU 628069

Position Portsdown Hill / Northern

Approaches Land Front /

Type Polygonal Ditch Dry 78

Barrack Accom. 226

Present use Recently released by M.O.D.

Navy

History Army then Navy Barracks

DisposalSoon, when developer is foundConditionAltered for modern usage. GoodAccessNo public access. Rear can be

viewed from road

Sources Solent Papers No 3 Garry Mitchell

Armament

1876 Approved 35 x 7-inch RBL 10 x rifled Howitzers 20 x SB flank guns 1893 Mounted 8 x 7-inch RBL 9 x 64 pr. RML 6 x 8-in Howitzers Required to complete 6 x 64pr RML

8 x 32 pr. SBBL (fixed amm conv.)

Caponiers 1 full 2 demi

Counterscarp (1 ditch gallery)

galleries

Haxo casemates none

Moncrieff Pits 2

History and Description

Fort Southwick is 2,400 yards east of Fort Nelson. It is one of two central forts designed to house a larger complement of men in an inverted U shaped barrack block in the centre of the gorge. It is similar in trace to Fort Widley, apart from one minor deviation to the ditch and rampart at the southwest corner. Its ditch is revetted on the scarp and counterscarp in brick and flint. It has one full caponier at its main north salient with two smaller demi caponiers at the shoulders. A small musketry gallery crosses the ditch at the south west angle to cover a minor branch of the ditch. Behind the demi caponiers and set into the rampart are mortar batteries for five mortars each. The rampart has positions for the usual armament of 64 pr RMLs, 7-inch RBLs and 8-inch howitzers. A central spiral stair from the parade allows communication with the four main tunnels running of it radially. These lead to the barrack block and caponiers with stairs to the mortar batteries and chemin de ronde. Off the tunnel from the barrack to the north caponier is the main magazine. Southwick occupies the high point of the hill and held the water storage tanks for the other forts, feeding them through a brick lined aqueduct. This, despite rumours to the contrary, was the only connection between the forts. During World War Two Southwick served as a H.Q. for Allied Commanders. (1943) for Canadian and U.S. Forces). From 1938 to 1940 it held a section of the Ordnance Survey. A large complex of underground bunkers and command positions were excavated beneath the Victorian tunnels. Until recently it was occupied by the Navy (as H.Q. and offices for C. in C. Home Fleet) and is largely intact. It was purchased in July 2003 by 'Fort Southwick Company Limited' who are using it for storage of equipment and military vehicles. They have let out the WWII underground complex for private use.

Fort Southwick



